





physis

polis

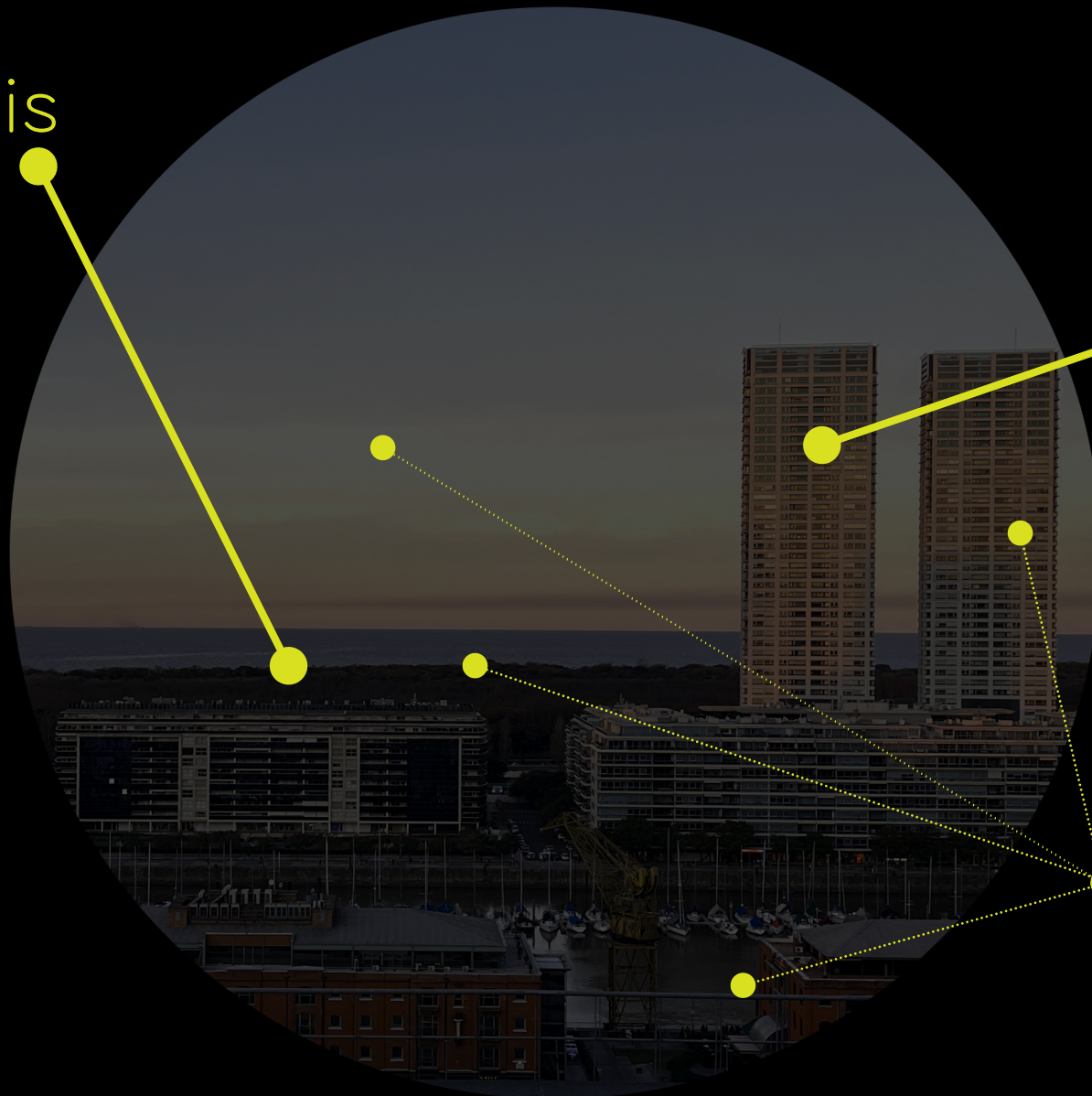
telépolis



physis

polis

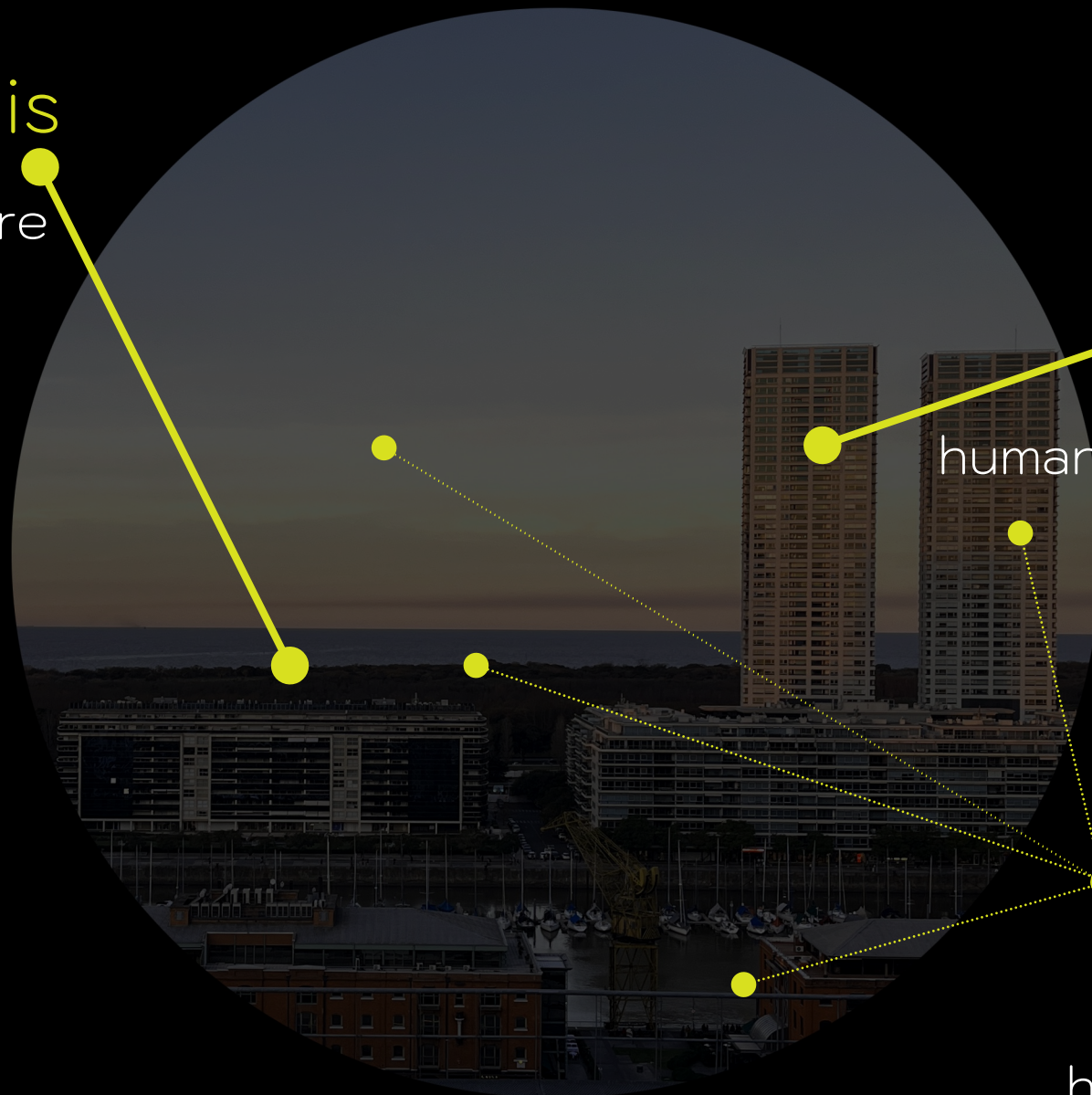
telépolis



physis
human-nature

polis
physical
human - human

telépolis
virtual
human-human



physis

polis

huge change of scale

telépolis

physis

nothing
outside of
the nature
(Earth, even
Mars)

polis

strong
tendency to
consolidate megacities
(more than 50% of population)

huge change of scale

telépolis

hyperconnected humanity
(Internet almost 70% of population)

huge change of scale

over those environments, into this
huge change of scale, we unfold
our lifes

over those environments, into this
huge change of scale, we unfold
our lives, surrounded by
tons of objects

over those environments, into this
huge change of scale, we unfold
our lives, surrounded by
tons of objects

environments

objects

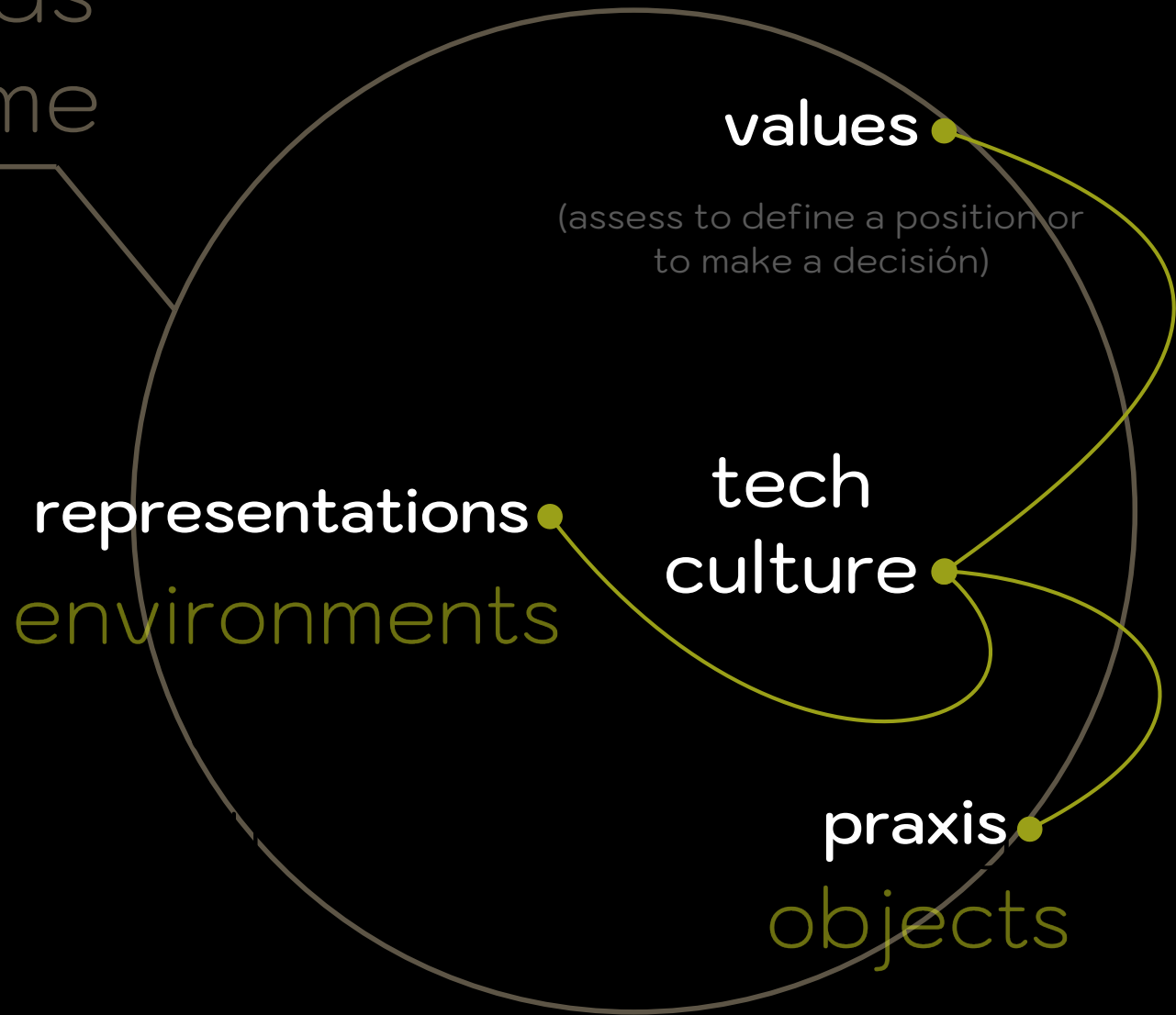
basic needs
of this time

develop capacities for
the critical assessment
of technologies
(assess to define a position or
to make a decisión)

develop capabilities
to unfold over the
three
environments

stimulate the
effective
use of
objects

basic needs
of this time



basic needs
of this time

schools do not
sufficiently
encourage
tech
culture

basic needs
of this time

schools do not
sufficiently
encourage
tech
culture

1st problem



technological culture

uso de ilustración con
permiso de Pablo
Bernasconi



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- **representations** (information about the properties and features of the medium)
- **praxis** (information about how to take action)
- **values** (information about what is preferable, convenient, valuable)

technological culture

(Miguel Angel Quintanilla)



uso de ilustración con
permiso de Pablo
Bernasconi



“technology is anything invented after you were born”

(everything that precedes us is naturalized)

(Alan Kay)



“it is culture that governs man”
“is an initiation into the opinions of determinate social groups having existed in previous epochs”

(culture shapes us)

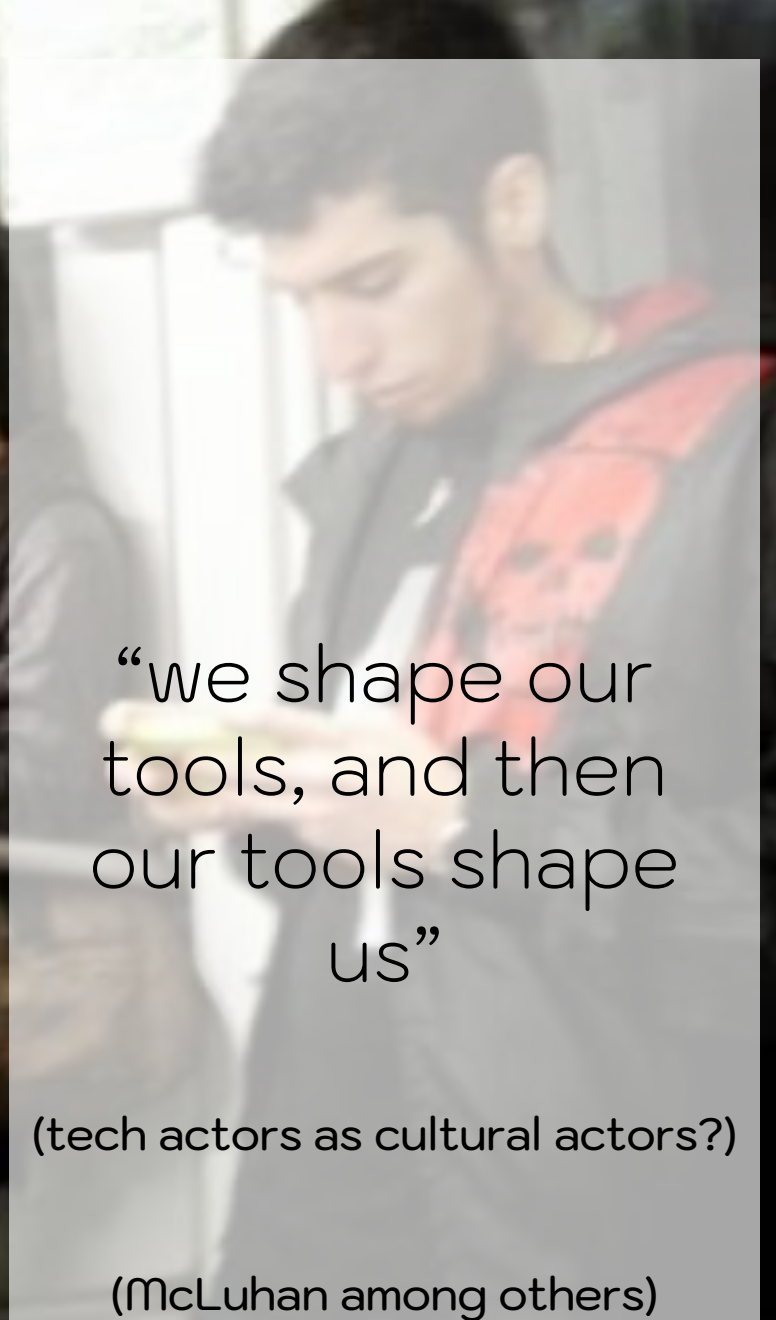
(Gilbert Simondon)



“the mediation
between technics
and power can be
realized only
through the
mediation of
culture”

(culture shapes us)

(Gilbert Simondon)



“we shape our
tools, and then
our tools shape
us”

(tech actors as cultural actors?)

(McLuhan among others)

tech actors as cultural actors



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tech actors as cultural actors

what about the users?

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in platform times,
we can be active,
sharing designers capabilities
and developing solutions

yes:
the users

representational
values
components

general
tech culture

high

low

low

high

specific
tech culture

practical
component

representational
values
components

general
tech culture

high

low

consumer

technician

curious

low

high

specific
tech culture

practical
component

representational
values
components

general
tech culture

high

low

consumer

technician

curious

instrumental profiles

solver profiles

inquirer profiles

low

high

specific
tech culture

practical
component

representational
values
components

general
tech culture

high

low

citizen

consumer

instrumental profiles

maker

technician

solver profiles

hacker

curious

inquirer profiles

low

high

specific
tech culture

practical
component

representational
values
components

general
tech culture

high

citizen

maker

hacker

what do you want to be?

low

consumer

technician

curious

instrumental profiles

solver profiles

inquirer profiles

low

high

specific
tech culture

practical
component

representational
values
components

general
tech culture

high

low

social

transform
capabilities

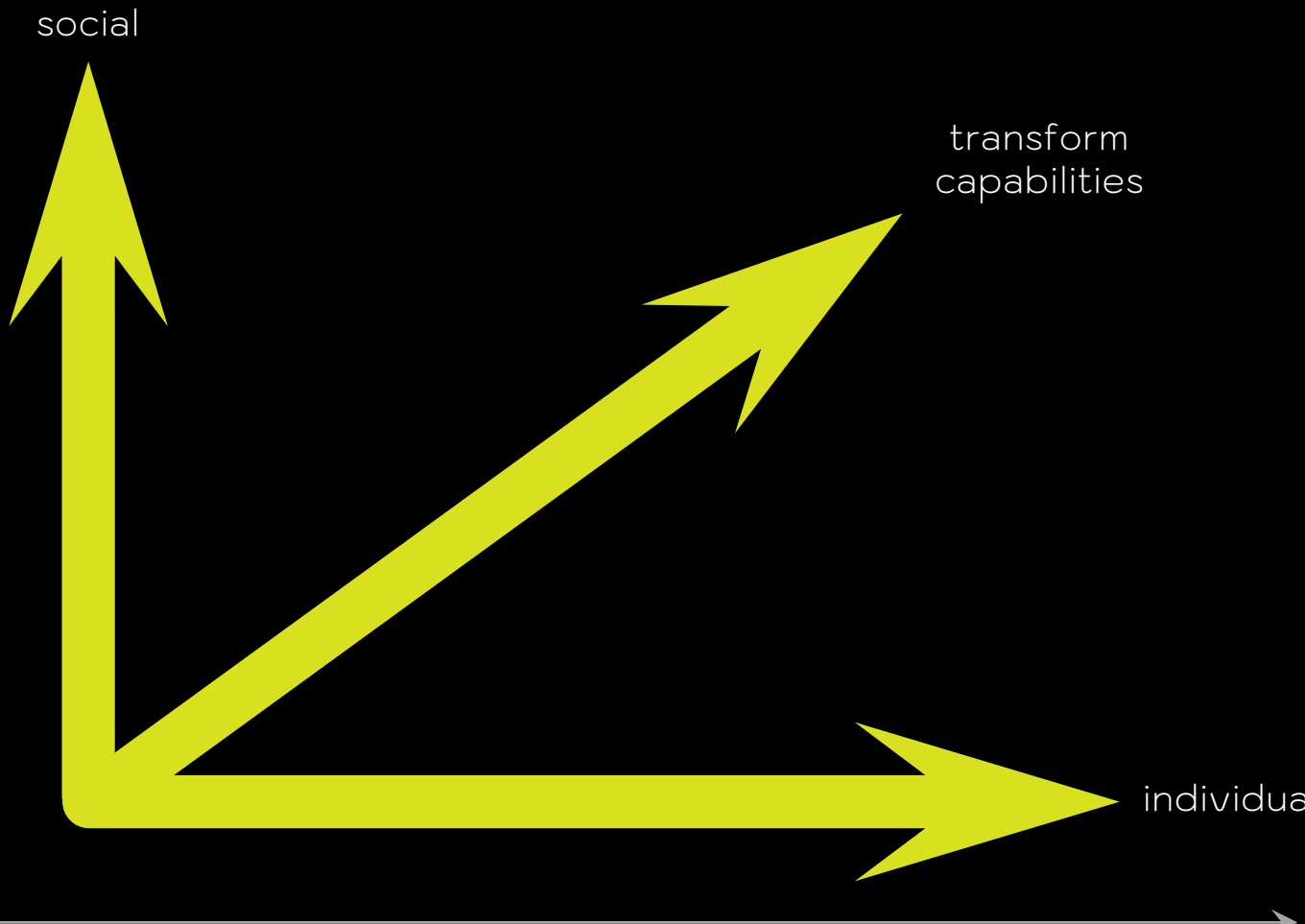
individual

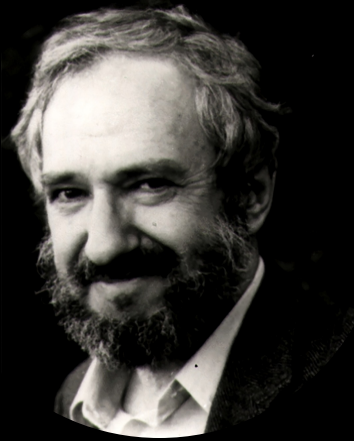
low

high

specific
tech culture

practical
component

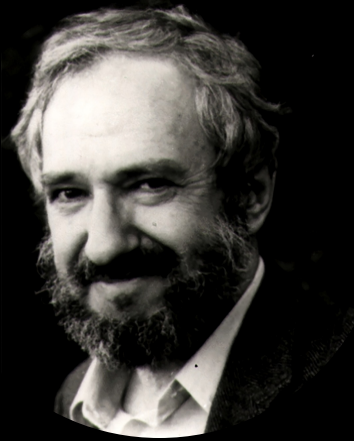




Seymour Papert

“how strange, then, that
'computers in education'
should so often reduce to using
bright new gadgets
to teach **the same old stuff**
in thinly disguised versions of
the same old way.”





Seymour Papert

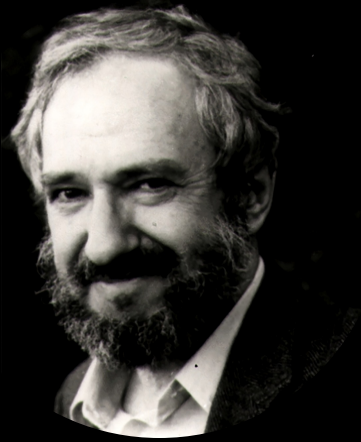
**bright new gadgets
to teach the same old stuff**

the same old way



**technologies
contents**

pedagogy



Seymour Papert



new technologies
same contents

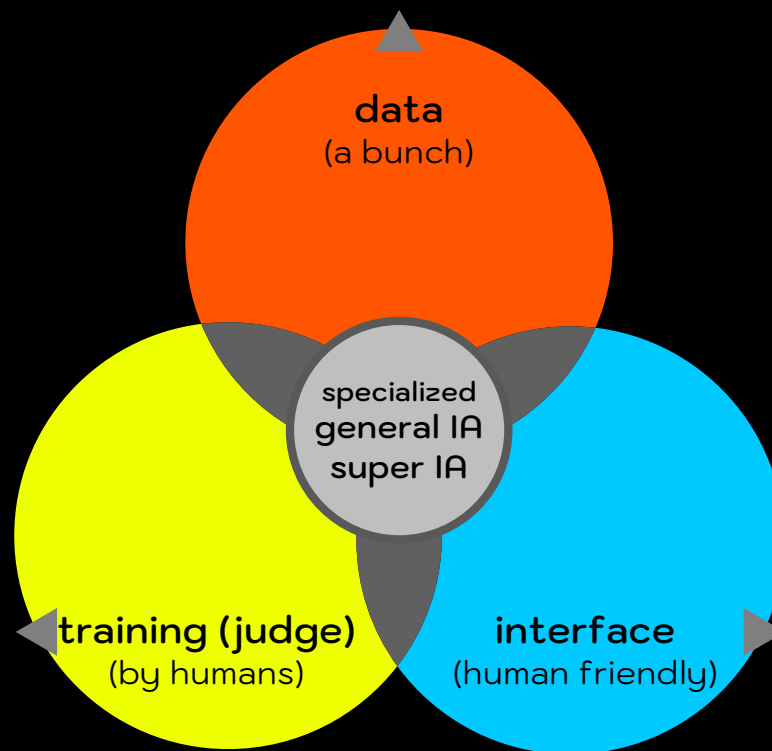
same pedagogy

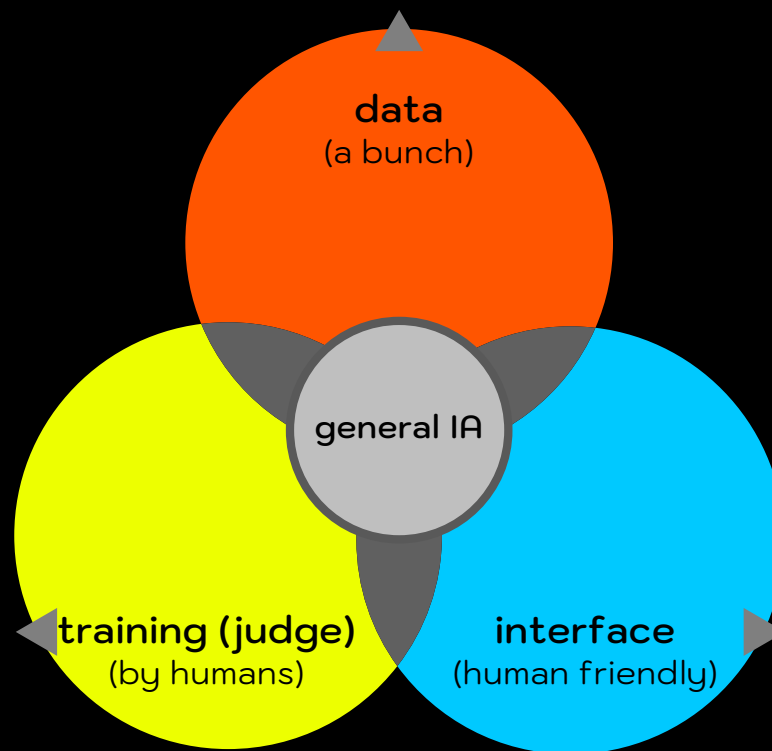
50 years, the same problem

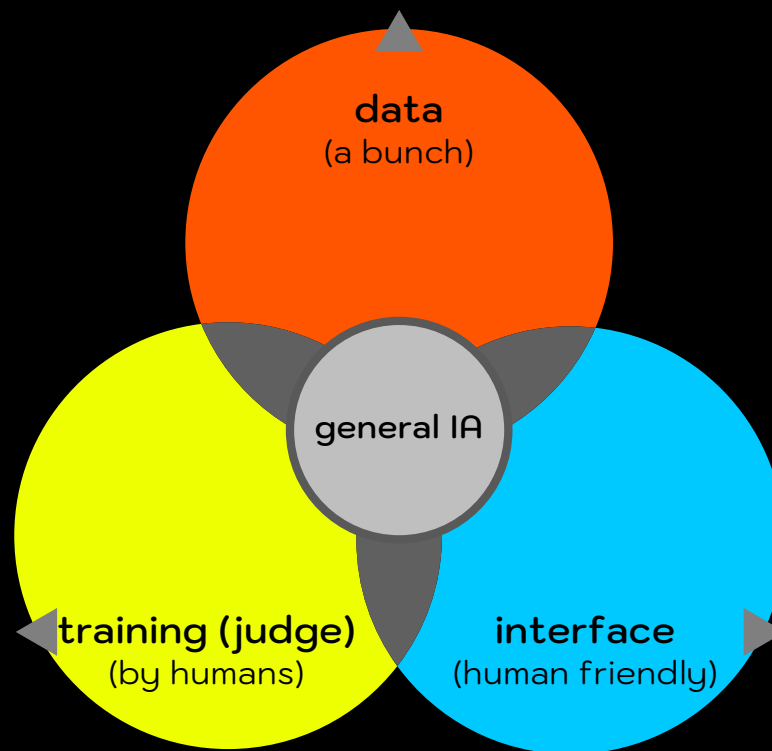
to be part of this era is to naturalize the technologies to make them work, but without eliminating the deep understanding of this time

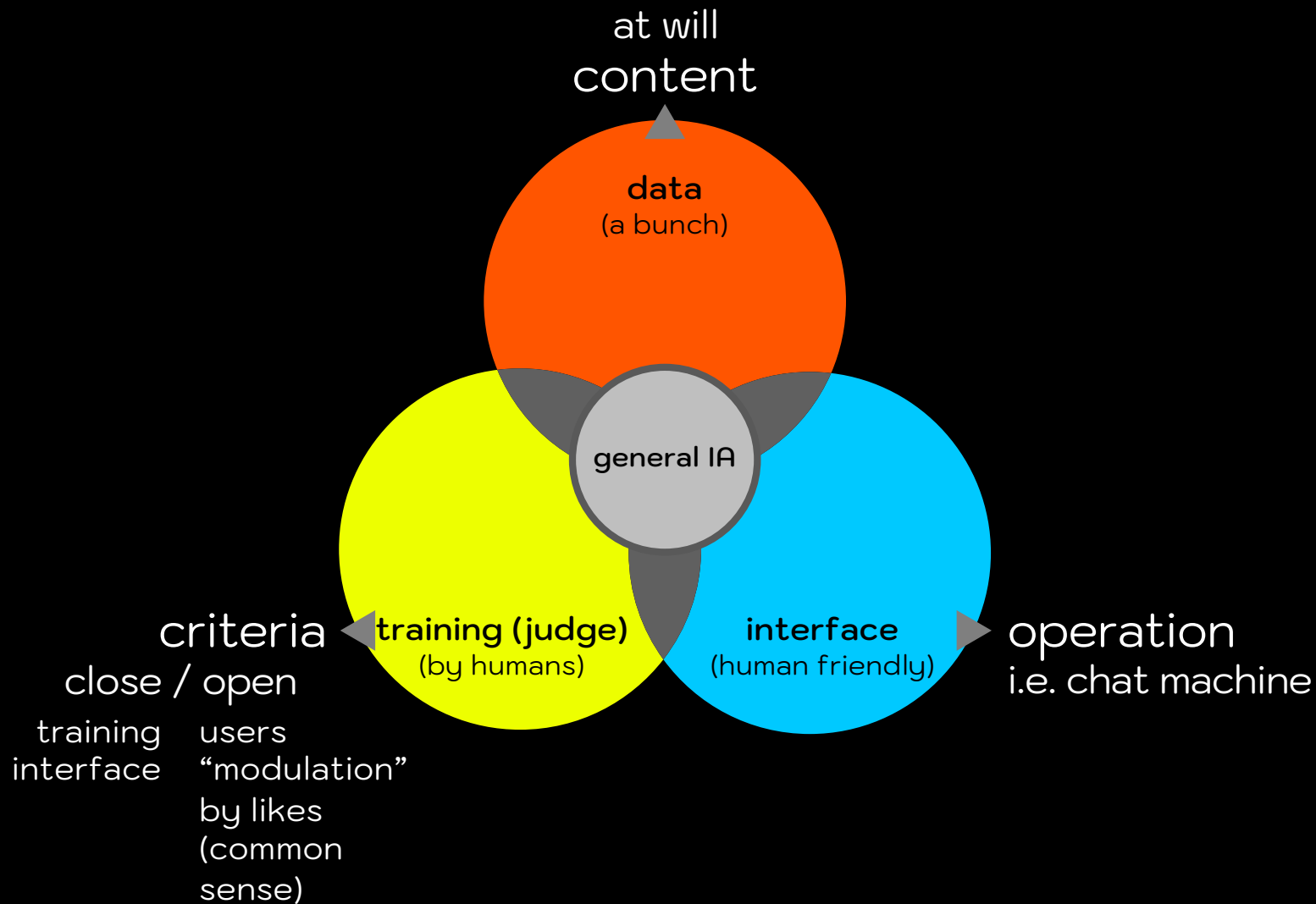
to avoid the same old problems we need to narrow the gap of contemporaneity

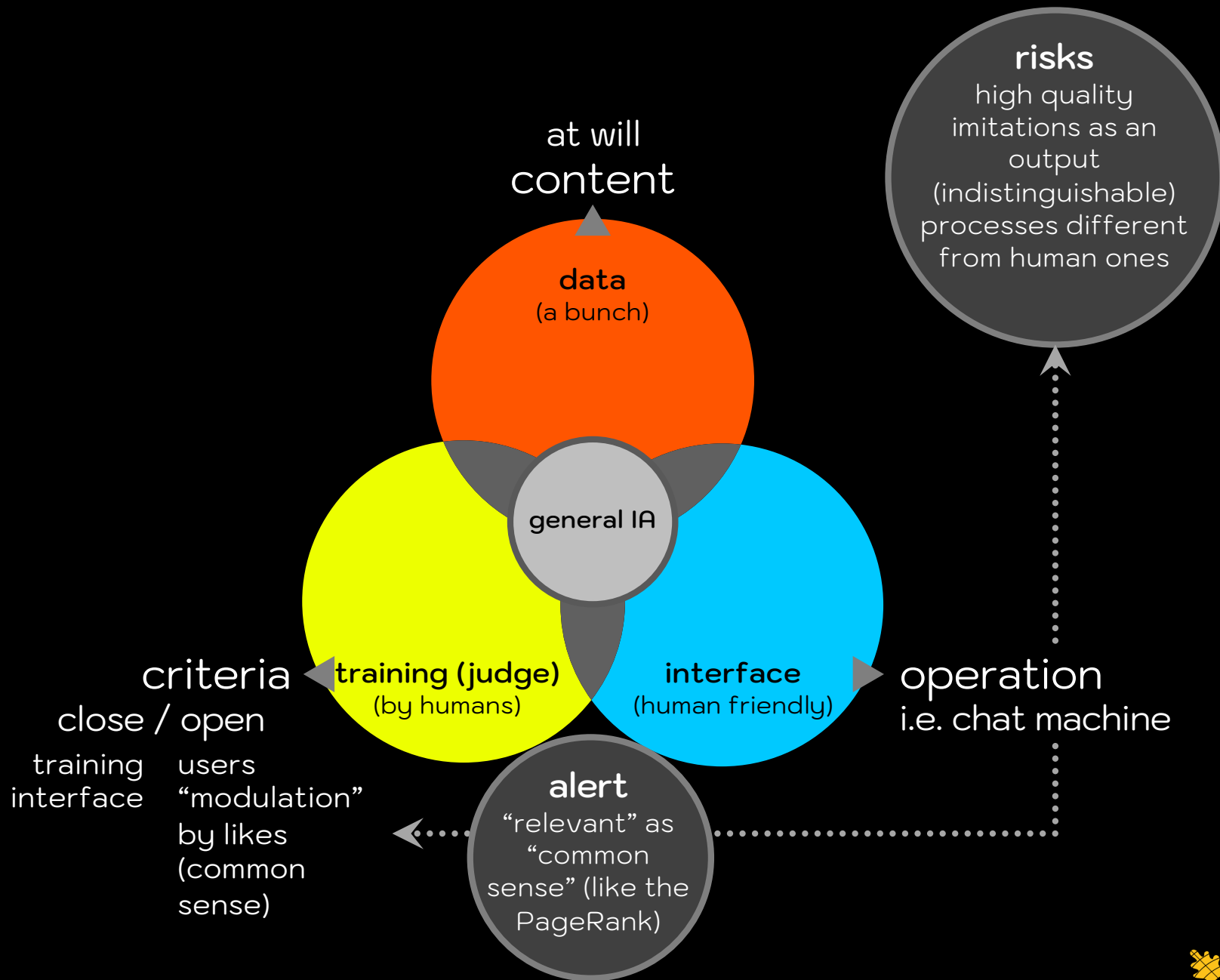
live, think, and feel into this time







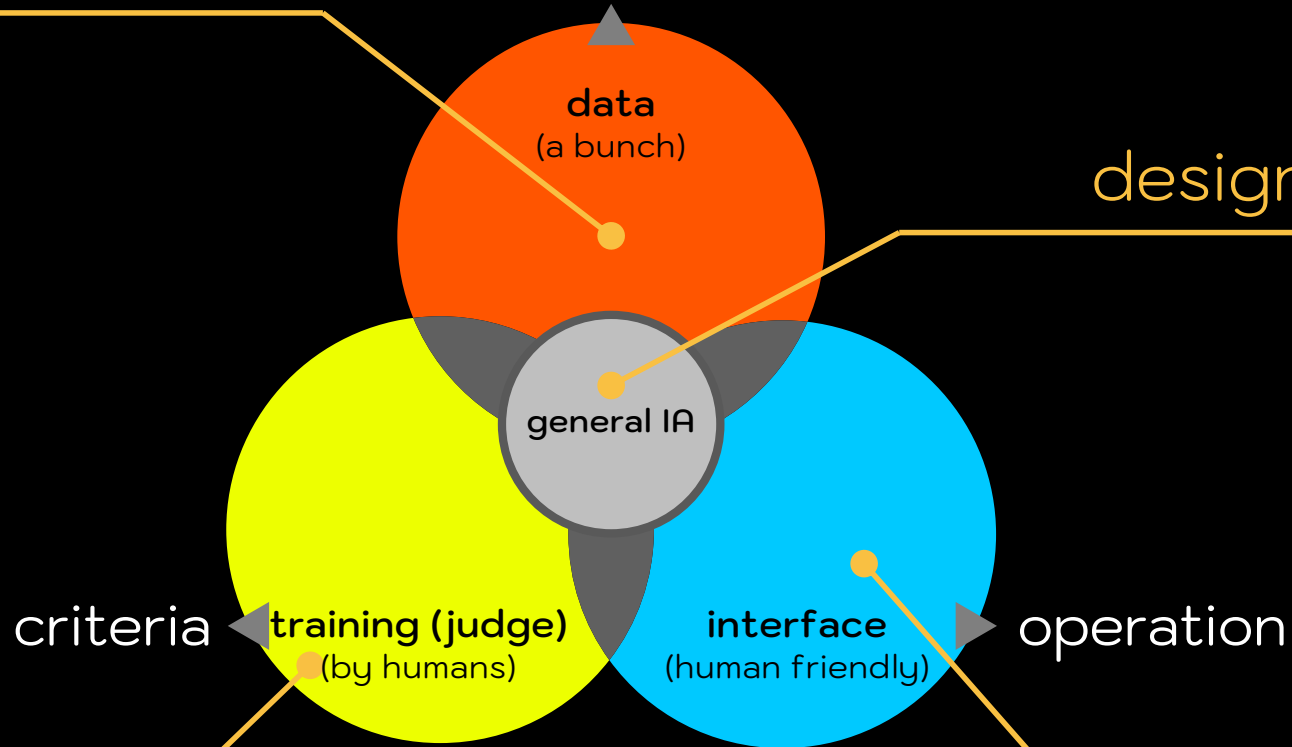




crowds

content

designers



experts

users

crowds

copyright and authorship
conflicts

content

data
(a bunch)

designers

cultural actors

general IA

criteria

training (judge)
(by humans)

interface
(human friendly)

operation

experts

new professional profiles

users

technological culture

designers

cultural actors



users

technological culture

when technologies
(and their problematization)
come to school
they are already
accepted,
spreaded and
“pasteurized”

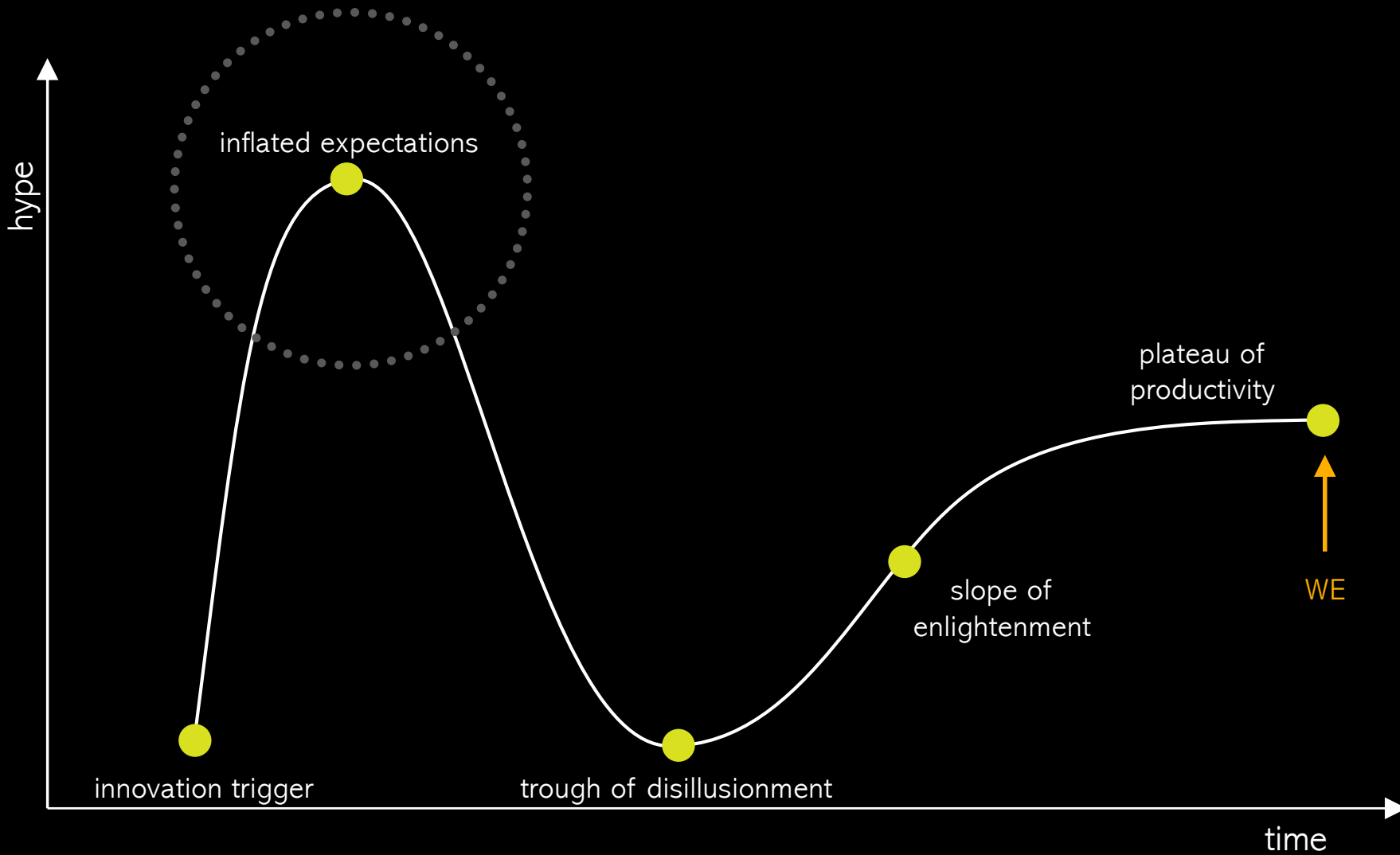
2nd problem

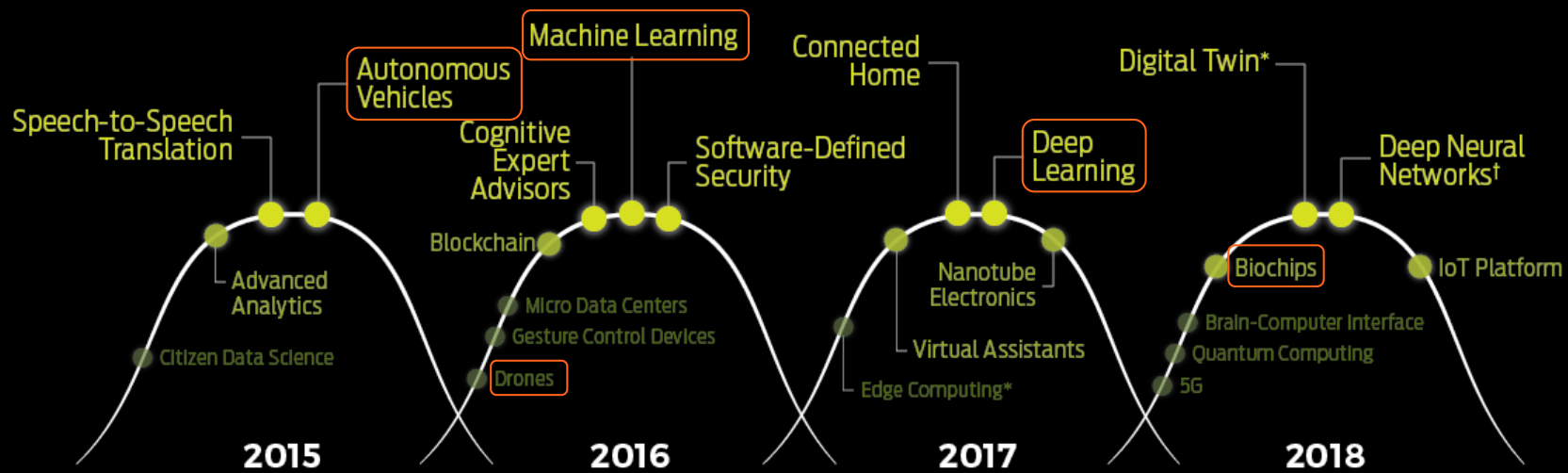
harm, or not, technologies are already with us
(and are increasingly irreversible)

school does not anticipate

school does not **anticipate**

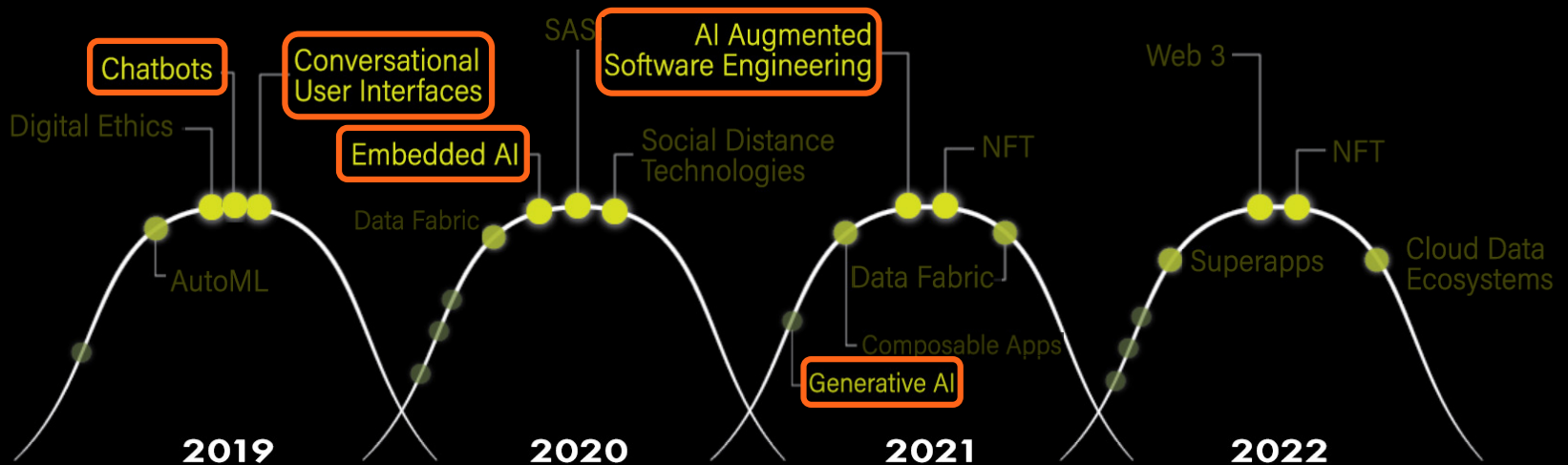
(not as **imagination** exercise,
but an **information** exercise)

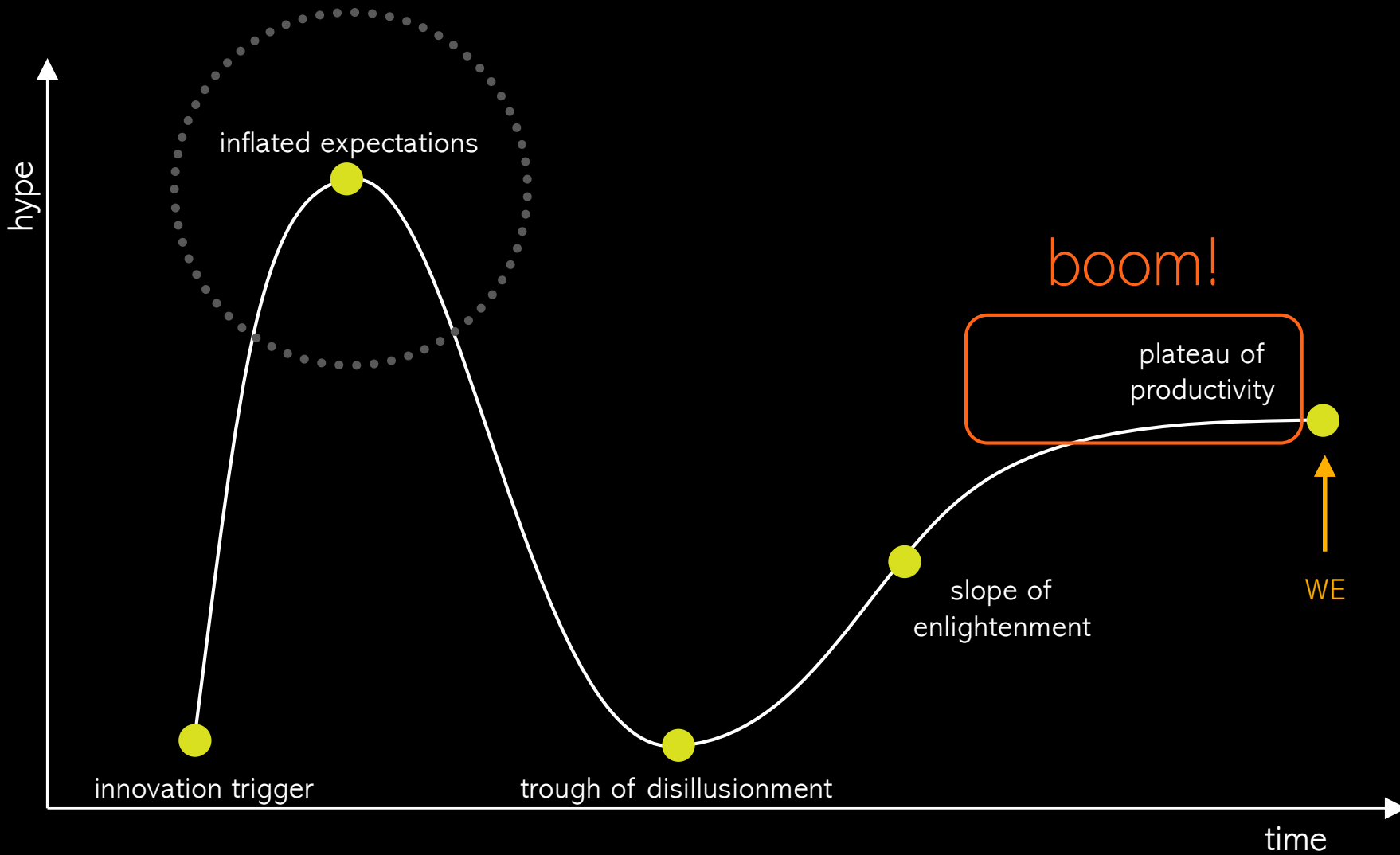




example of the public explosion of AI applied to natural language
(chatGPT, etc.)

We know the development of AI since the 40s of the 20th century, but this
"language machine" had its peak of expectation half a decade ago, today it is in
production





school does not **anticipate**

(not as **imagination** exercise,
but an **information** exercise)

school does not anticipate

(not as imagination exercise,
but an information exercise)

why should we do that?

there are no technologies that
should be accepted just because
they are possible

(what about the acceptable and
the desirable?)

technological imperative

technologies do not arise
spontaneously

(there are many agents pushing
them)

What about social legitimation?

what we can do @school?

it is important to understand
the evolution of the
technologies that existed, the
web of culture and technology

history, permanent categories,
development, representational
technological culture

it is important to understand the evolution of the technologies that existed, the web of culture and technology

history, permanent categories, development, representational technological culture

understanding the available technologies is useful

intervene and solve problems (maker attitude, computational thinking), builds experiences on the multidimensionality of technology, be informed, practical, evaluative and owners of representational technological culture.

if we consider that as a challenging, it allows us to “read” the changes we are experiencing in real time

it is important to understand the evolution of the technologies that existed, the web of culture and technology

history, permanent categories, development, representational technological culture

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anticipating developing technologies allows us to decide on and evaluate them at an early stages

critical exercise of citizenship on what we accept and what we want, value-based technological culture

capabilities

it is important to understand the evolution of the technologies that existed, the web of culture and technology

understanding the available technologies is useful

if we consider that as a challenging, it allows us to “read” the changes we are experiencing in real time

anticipating developing technologies allows us to decide on and evaluate them at an early stages

resources and strategies

history, permanent categories, development, representational technological culture

intervene and solve problems (maker attitude, computational thinking), builds experiences on the multidimensionality of technology, be informed, practical, evaluative and owners of representational technological culture.

critical exercise of citizenship on what we accept and what we want, value-based technological culture



capabilities

resources and strategies

past

it is important to understand the evolution of the technologies that existed, the web of culture and technology

history, permanent categories, development, representational technological culture

today

understanding the available technologies is useful

if we consider that as a challenging, it allows us to “read” the changes we are experiencing in real time

intervene and solve problems (maker attitude, computational thinking), builds experiences on the multidimensionality of technology, be informed, practical, evaluative and owners of representational technological culture.

future

anticipating developing technologies allows us to decide on and evaluate them at an early stages

critical exercise of citizenship on what we accept and what we want, value-based technological culture

school partially do it

school don't do it



past

capabilities

it is important to understand the evolution of the technologies that existed, the web of culture and technology

resources and strategies

history, permanent categories, development, representational technological culture

today

understanding the available technologies is useful

if we consider that as a challenging, it allows us to “read” the changes we are experiencing in real time

intervene and solve problems (maker attitude, computational thinking), builds experiences on the multidimensionality of technology, be informed, practical, evaluative and owners of representational technological culture.

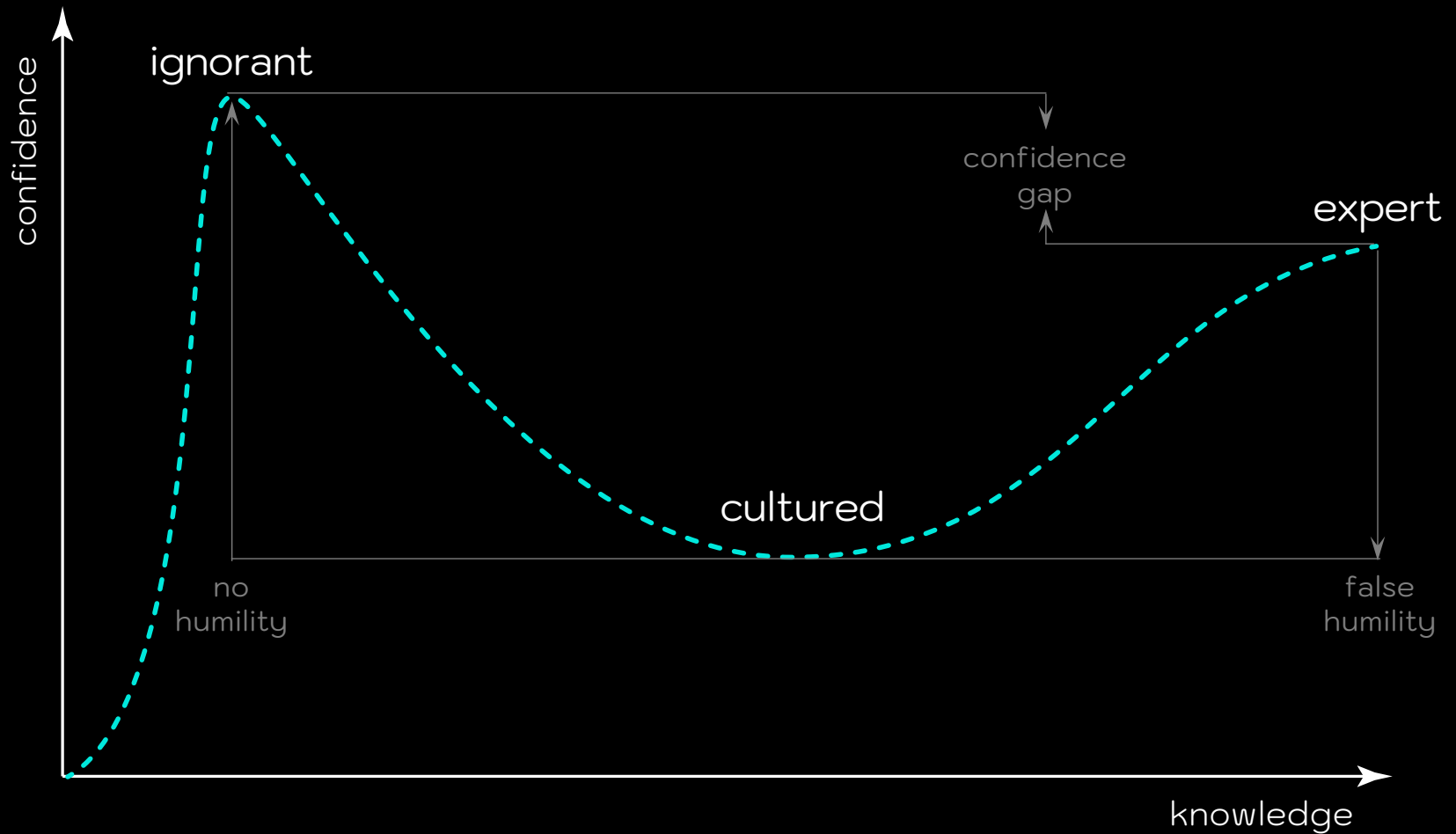
future

anticipating developing technologies allows us to decide on and evaluate them at an early stages

critical exercise of citizenship on what we accept and what we want, value-based technological culture

what is the dose?

the right dose to avoid the Dunning-Kruger effect



the knowledge curve of Dunning-Kruger is a graphical representation of how an increase in knowledge modulates the confidence



don't be ignorant

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00100101

11110110111

00001011

001011101

1001011111

don't need to be an expert

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be cultured

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I am around, see you online